

UDC 342

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PREVENTION AND COUNTERING VIOLENCE IN SOCIETY

Protecting children from cruelty and preventing crimes against them is an extremely important, socially important and urgent task, the solution of which is multidisciplinary. Law enforcement, guardianship, representatives of social and pedagogical communities, medical and psychological staff should be involved in ending violence. However, most often efforts to create an effective system for preventing and ending child abuse, assisting victims of abuse are broken down by obstacles, such as: departmental limitations and interdepartmental disunity, lack of uniform methodological and systematic approaches to preventative work; Ignoring preventative orientation in work with children and family; lack of legislation and law enforcement practices on the protection and rehabilitation of victims, exacerbated by legal illiteracy and mistrust of law enforcement agencies, low material resources that do not allow for qualified legal assistance; lack of knowledge in the pedagogical, police, social, medical professionals of communication skills with the victim, which leads to concealment or concealment of the facts of violence, especially in the absence of an adult's personal interest in punishing the offender and rehabilitation of the victim of domestic violence; the absence of an effective and properly organized rehabilitation system.

The problem is compounded by the fact that a large part of the victims of the violence are people from disadvantaged backgrounds or "street children", in the fate of whom few are interested. Sometimes children pay for their own suffering, and even for life, the parents' need for self-affirmation, the desire of adults to have a personal life, they become hostages of drunk parents and constantly angry mothers.

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MOST OFTEN VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Violence and the threat of violence is a powerful instrument of social control. It is used to exert power and control over another individual. A common pattern of domestic violence often starts with intimidation, humiliation and threatening behaviour, including threats of self-inflicted pain. Domestic violence, in the

broadest sense, refers to any abuse between intimate partners, often living in the same household. The term is often used specifically to designate physical assaults upon women by their male partners. It is employed to aggravate the feeling of vulnerability, lack of control over one's own body and feeling of hopelessness and shame. As domestic abuse is mainly perpetrated against women because they are women, it constitutes a form of gender-based violence.

If not addressed adequately, it constitutes a violation of women's human rights. Frequently there is no workable solution for female victims of domestic violence. For some victims the unrelenting cycle of violence produces diminished self-esteem, helplessness, depression and exaggerated feelings of imprisonment, even the belief that they deserve abuse. Many are financially dependent on their abusers, and, since many abuse victims are mothers, they particularly fear being unable to support their children if they leave a violent partner. One of the worst problems is that typical abusers often become most violent and vengeful precisely when women try to leave. Statistics indicate that domestic violence ranks as the leading cause of injury to women, especially at the age from 15 to 44.

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THE PROBLEM OF POLICE MISCONDUCT IN THE USA

A problem of the police misconduct, violation, brutality, and abuse of authority has become more important today. Since the police are the agency that primarily serves people and aimed at helping and protecting them, their constitutional rights, this issue occurs negatively for the development of the democratic society. In addition, more and more people are scornful towards police officers, do not trust and are even afraid of them. Thus, it is necessary for the police to restore people's trust and become an authority to which any person could turn for help, and not to suffer.

Illegal police actions are associated with unreasonable and inappropriate performance of official duties. Such actions violate human rights and cause citizens distrust of law enforcement agencies. Moreover, illegal police actions can lead to the judicial errors and sometimes include discrimination or obstruction of justice. The police brutality is one of the illegal police actions that leads to the serious violations of fundamental human rights that could cause a split in society. Since the enforcement agencies use firearms