

corruption, features of corruption behavior and defines the procedure for action in case of temptation to commit a corrupt act.

In the United States, the rules of corruption in the police include the definition and adherence to professional standards: every policeman is obliged to adhere to the code of professional ethics.

It is necessary to pay attention to the experience of the Bulgarian Ministry of Internal Affairs that created a hotline for complaints about corruption among the employees of this department, besides twice a month there are receiving visitors so that they could file their complaints and suspicions concerning the corruption of the officials of the ministry.

One of the elements of the corruption prevention in the Canadian police is carrying out special psychophysiological studies of the polygraph applicant.

In the United States and the United Kingdom a network of public associations is empowered to oversee the investigation of acts of corruption in the police.

In the Republic of Belarus the Main Directorate of Homeland Security of the Ministry of Internal Affairs was established.

The analyzed experience of foreign countries in preventing and counteracting corrupt practices among policemen may be a guiding factor in the reform of the National Police in Ukraine and the implementation of anti-corruption measures in the state.

It was recognized that it would be appropriate to apply legal and organizational measures to ensure the internal security of police authorities that they had established themselves in other countries, in particular regarding the adoption of common standards for combating corruption in the police and the formation of a state anti-corruption strategy.

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ANAC - State Anti-Corruption Institution in Italy

The Independent National Commission on Oversight, Transparency and Integrity of Italy (CIVIT) was created in 2009. On the basis of Law №125, adopted by Parliament in 2013, the name CIVIT was changed to ANAC (National Anti-Corruption Institution for Supervision and Transparency of State Administration). ANAC carries out an analysis of the causes and factors of corruption in order to take measures to investigate and

its counteraction. Its main functions include the following: development and approval of the National Anti-Corruption Plan; analysis of the causes and factors of corruption in order to establish countermeasures; monitoring implementation and the effectiveness of the Anti-Corruption Plan in public administration, the control over the proper implementation of plans for transparency, has the right to carry out inspections, investigations, access to the documents required by it, to supervise the execution of legal acts, and to detect and minimize the negative influence of behavior that contradicts transparency requirements. ANAC can provide advice to government agencies on the compliance of employees with the requirements of the Code of Ethics. ANAC sets criteria, rules and standards for the creation and development of codes of ethics, provides annual reports to the Parliament on anti-corruption activities and violations in the field of public administration, as well as the effectiveness of anti-corruption policy. ANAC, within its competence, cooperates with international organizations and anti-corruption institutions of foreign countries, exchanges information and methodology in the field of implementation of state anti-corruption Strategies. Based on the provisions of anti-corruption legal acts, ANAC is actively cooperating with the Italian Financial Guard for inspections and investigations. ANAC's key partners is the National School of Public Administration, office of the international non-governmental organization Transparency International in Italy, as well as the World Bank.

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The Fight Against Corruption in China as an Example to the World Community

Corruption is a phenomenon involving many different aspects, and it is therefore hard to give a precise and comprehensive definition. However, at the core of most definitions of corruption is the idea that a corrupt act means the abuse of entrusted power for private gain.

On the world stage of economic activity, even the biggest players are subject to corruption. Some are actively fighting, trying to moderate the appetites of criminals, some of whom are completely satisfied with it.

Over the past 5 years, the People's Republic of China has been active in the fight against corruption, with the arrival of the new head of the People's Republic of China, Xi Jinping, who has launched an active struggle against